### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

#### **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (original): A method for preparing an aryl 5-thio-β-D-aldohexopyranoside derivative of Formula (III), which comprises reacting a 5-thio-D-aldohexopyranose derivative of Formula (I) with Ar-OH of Formula (II) in the presence of a phosphine represented by PR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup> and an azo reagent represented by R<sup>21</sup>-N=N-R<sup>22</sup> in accordance with the following scheme:

wherein

in the above Formulae (I) and (III),

the wavy lines mean containing any stereoisomer selected from D-form, L-form and a mixture thereof,

Y represents -O- or -NH-, and

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an

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allyl group, a tri( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)silyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, or

when Y represents -O-,  $R^1$  and  $R^2$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$ , or  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  may together form -  $C(R^A)(R^B)$ - wherein  $R^A$  and  $R^B$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a phenyl group, in the above Formula (II),

Ar represents an aryl group which may be substituted with any substituent, in  $PR^{11}R^{12}R^{13}$ ,

 $R^{11}$  to  $R^{13}$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a phenyl group which may be substituted with a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a pyridyl group or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, and in  $R^{21}$ -N=N- $R^{22}$ ,

 $R^{21}$  and  $R^{22}$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a  $C_{2-5}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, an N,N-di- $C_{1-4}$  alkylaminocarbonyl group or a piperidinocarbonyl group.

# 2. (original): The method according to claim 1, wherein

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Formula (II) is represented by the above Formula (II)' and Formula (III) is represented by the above Formula (III)' wherein Y, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined in claim 1, wherein in the above Formulae (II)' and (III)',

A<sup>1</sup> represents an aryl group which may be substituted with the same or different 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of:

- a halogen atom;
- a hydroxyl group;
- -<sup>+</sup>NH<sub>3</sub>;
- -<sup>†</sup>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>;

a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;

a group represented by the formula:

$$-(CH2)m-Q$$

wherein m represents an integer of 0 to 4, and Q represents a formyl group, an amino group, a nitro group, a cyano group, a carboxyl group, a sulfonic acid group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 halogen atoms, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyl group, a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfinyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonyl group, -NHC(=O)H, a  $C_{2-10}$  acylamino group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonylamino group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylamino group, an N,N-di( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)amino group, a carbamoyl group, an N-( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)aminocarbonyl group;

a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyloxy group, an aryl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkylamino group, a heteroaryl group, or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group; and

a group represented by the formula:

$$-X-A^2$$

wherein X represents -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-, -CO(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-, -CH(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-, -CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-, -NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)n- wherein n represents an integer of 0 to 3, -COCH=CH-, -S- or -NH-, and A<sup>2</sup> represents an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, each of which may be substituted with the same or different 1 to 4 substituents selected from:

- a halogen atom;
- a hydroxyl group;
- a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;
  - a group represented by the formula:

wherein m' represents an integer of 0 to 4, and Q' represents a formyl group, an amino group, a nitro group, a cyano group, a carboxyl group, a sulfonic acid group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 halogen atoms, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyl group, a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfinyl

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group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonyl group, -NHC(=O)H, a  $C_{2-10}$  acylamino group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonylamino group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylamino group, an N,N-di( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)amino group, a carbamoyl group, an N-( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)aminocarbonyl group, or an N,N-di( $C_{1-6}$  alkyl)aminocarbonyl group; and

a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyloxy group, an aryl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkylamino group, a heteroaryl group, or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group.

## 3. (original): The method according to claim 2, wherein

Formula (I) is represented by the above Formula (IV) wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are as defined in claim 1 and Formula (III)' is represented by the above Formula (V) wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are as defined in claim 1, and  $A^1$  is as defined in claim 2.

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4. (original): The method according to claim 3, wherein  $A^1$  represents a phenyl group substituted with -X- $A^2$  wherein X and  $A^2$  are as defined in claim 2, in which the phenyl group may be further substituted with the same or different 1 to 3 substituents selected from:

- a halogen atom;
- a hydroxyl group;
- a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;
  - a group represented by the formula:

$$-(CH_2)m-Q$$

wherein m and Q are as defined in claim 2; and

a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyloxy group, an aryl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyloxy group, a heteroaryl group, or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group.

**5.** (original): The method according to claim 3, wherein A<sup>1</sup> is represented by the following formula:

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$$R^{32}$$
 $R^{30}$ 
 $R^{44}$ 
 $R^{43}$ 
 $R^{42}$ 
 $R^{41}$ 
 $R^{40}$ 
 $R^{41}$ 
 $R^{40}$ 
 $R^{41}$ 

wherein

X represents - $(CH_2)n$ -, - $CO(CH_2)n$ -, - $CH(OH)(CH_2)n$ -, - $O-(CH_2)n$ -, - $CONH(CH_2)n$ -, - $CONH(CH_2)n$ -, - $CONH(CH_2)n$ -, -COCH=CH-, -COCH=C

R<sup>30</sup>, R<sup>31</sup>, R<sup>32</sup> and R<sup>33</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represent:

- a hydrogen atom;
- a halogen atom;
- a hydroxyl group;
- -<sup>+</sup>NH<sub>3</sub>;
- $-^{+}N(CH_{3})_{3};$

a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;

a group represented by the formula:

wherein m represents an integer of 0 to 4, and Q represents a formyl group, an amino group, a nitro group, a cyano group, a carboxyl group, a sulfonic acid group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 halogen atoms, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyl group, a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfinyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonyl group, -NHC(=O)H, a  $C_{2-10}$  acylamino group, a  $C_{1-6}$ 

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alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino group, an N,N-di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a carbamoyl group, an N-(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl group, or an N,N-di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl group; or

a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyloxy group, an aryl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkylamino group, a heteroaryl group, or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, and

R<sup>40</sup>, R<sup>41</sup>, R<sup>42</sup>, R<sup>43</sup> and R<sup>44</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represent:

- a hydrogen atom;
- a halogen atom;
- a hydroxyl group;
- a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;
  - a group represented by the formula:

wherein m' represents an integer of 0 to 4, and Q' represents a formyl group, an amino group, a nitro group, a cyano group, a carboxyl group, a sulfonic acid group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 halogen atoms, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a C<sub>2-10</sub> acyl group, a C<sub>2-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfinyl group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl group, -NHC(=O)H, a C<sub>2-10</sub> acylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub>

alkylsulfonylamino group, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino group, an N,N-di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)amino group, a carbamoyl group, an N-(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl group, or an N,N-di(C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl)aminocarbonyl group; or

a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyloxy group, an aryl group, a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkyloxy group, a C<sub>7-10</sub> aralkylamino group, a heteroaryl group, or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group.

The method according to claim 5, wherein A<sup>1</sup> is represented by the 6. (original): following formula:

wherein

X is as defined in claim 5,

R<sup>30A</sup>, R<sup>31A</sup>, R<sup>32A</sup> and R<sup>33A</sup>, which may be the same or different, each represent:

a hydrogen atom;

a halogen atom;

a hydroxyl group;

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a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom and a hydroxyl group;

a group represented by the formula:

$$-(CH_2)m^A-Q^A$$

wherein  $m^A$  represents an integer of 0 to 4, and  $Q^A$  represents a formyl group, a carboxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 4 halogen atoms, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acyloxy group, a  $C_{2-10}$  acylomino group; or

a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryl group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyl group, an aryloxy group, a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkyloxy group, or a  $C_{7-10}$  aralkylamino group, provided that each of these groups may be substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, and

 $R^{40},\,R^{41},\,R^{42},\,R^{43}$  and  $R^{44}$  are as defined in claim 5.

7. (original): The method according to claim 3, wherein the compound of Formula (V) is a compound represented by the following formula:

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wherein  $R^{30B}$ ,  $R^{31B}$ ,  $R^{32B}$  and  $R^{33B}$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy- $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, a carboxyl group, a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group, a hydroxyl group or a hydroxy- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group,  $R^C$  represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a hydroxy- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group, a halogen-substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio group,  $R^{4A}$  represents a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{2-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl group or a  $C_{2-6}$  alkanoyl group, and  $R^{1A}$  to  $R^{3A}$ , which may be the same or different, each represent a hydrogen atom, a  $C_{2-8}$  alkanoyl group or a benzoyl group.

8. (original): The method according to claim 3, wherein the compound of Formula (V) is a compound represented by the following formula:

wherein  $R^D$  represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a hydroxy- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group, and  $R^E$  represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group or a hydroxy- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group.

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9. (original): The method according to claim 1, wherein Ar is an aryl group substituted with 1 to 4 electron-withdrawing groups.

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- 10. (currently amended): The method according to any one of claims 2-to 4, wherein A<sup>1</sup> is an aryl group substituted with 1 to 4 electron-withdrawing groups.
- 11. (original): The method according to claim 5, wherein at least one of  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$  and  $R^{33}$  is an electron-withdrawing group.
- 12. (original): The method according to claim 6, wherein at least one of  $R^{30A}$ ,  $R^{31A}$ ,  $R^{32A}$  and  $R^{33A}$  is an electron-withdrawing group.
- 13. (original): The method according to claim 7, wherein at least one of  $R^{30B}$ ,  $R^{31B}$ ,  $R^{32B}$  and  $R^{33B}$  is an electron-withdrawing group.
- 14. (original): The method according to any one of claims 9 to 13, wherein the electron-withdrawing group is selected from a formyl group, a nitro group, a cyano group, a carboxyl group, a sulfonic acid group, -\(^+NH\_3\), -\(^+N(CH\_3)\_3\), -CF\_3, -CCl\_3, -COCH\_3, -CO\_2CH\_3, -CO\_2C\_2H\_5, -COPh, -SO\_2CH\_3 and a halogen atom.